

2013 ASCE



## Microtunneling in Difficult Ground Craig Camp

July 31, 2013



## Agenda

- Introduction
- Difficult Ground

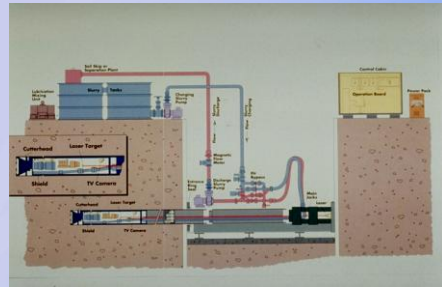


## Microtunneling Characteristics (NASTT)

- Earth pressure balancing
- Hydrostatic pressure balancing
- Guided and steered to line and grade
- Remote controlled
- Non-man-entry
- Installs continuous string of pipe by pipe jacking (pipe jacking method)



## Microtunneling System – 1979 Iseki



First Microtunneling Manufacturer



## 1984 Highway Crossing Miami, Florida



First Microtunneling Project in NA



## Akkerman MTBM Introduced 1995



First Manufacturer in NA



## Difficult Ground

- Difficult – Conditions which cannot typically be excavate without causing settlement or heave or failure to complete the drive.
- Ground – Native matrix into which the pipe is excavated and jacked into place.



## Agenda

- Introduction
- **Difficult Ground**

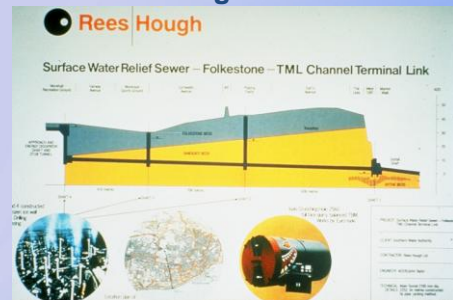


## Difficult Soils

- **Squeezing Ground**
- Steep Slope
- Low Blow Count Soils
- Mixed Face
- Mixed Ground
- Mixed Drive
- Rock
- Curves



## 1990 MTBM with Segments



## Storm Water Drain for English Channel



## Pipe Jack Converted to Concrete Segments



## Segment Erector

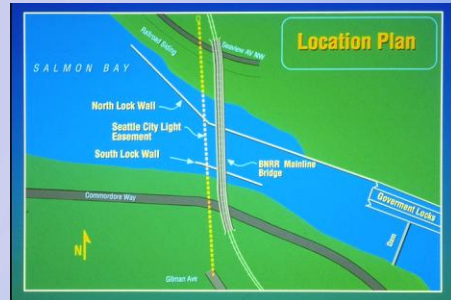


## Difficult Soils

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## 1991 Salmon River HDD Crossing



### Electrical Conduit



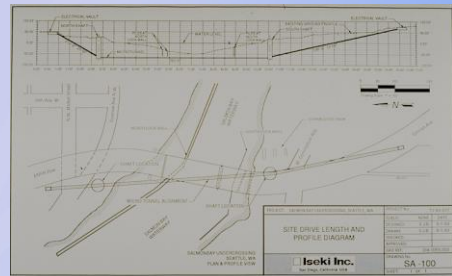
## US Army Corps of Engineers



### Shipping Channel



## Microtunneling Replaces HDD



### 38° uphill drive



## Modified Cutter Face



### 38-inch OD MTBM Completed 38° Drive



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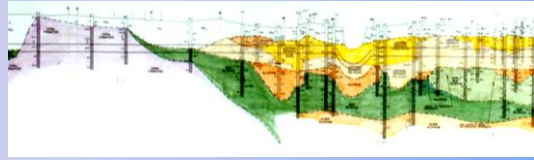
## 1993 Nimitz Highway, Honolulu



Project Setting



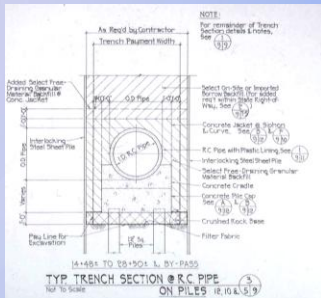
## 1993 Nimitz Highway, Honolulu



Anticipated Soil Conditions:  
Highly Saturated Fill and  
Lagoonal Deposits Over Coral



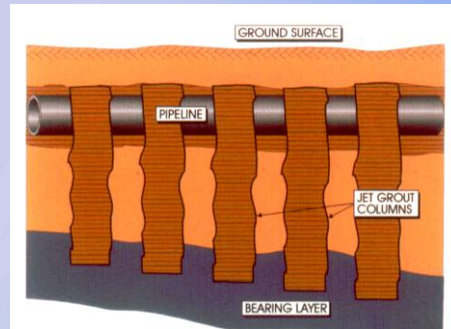
## Open Cut Converted to Microtunnel



Pile and Saddle Support Specified



## Conceptualized Jet Grout Columns



## 1994 First Avenue, Seattle



Frozen Ground Shaft



## Very Soft Ground EPB Machine



N=0 to 10, Saturated Silts and Sands



## Very Soft Ground MTBM



Light Machine Weight  
Active Face



## 120- inch ID RCP



138- inch OD RCP



## Difficult Soils

- Squeezing Ground
- Steep Slope
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- **Mixed Face**
- Mixed Ground
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## Mixed Face

An interface within the excavated tunnel zone between two geological units with different engineering properties. e.g., rock overlain by soft ground or very soft, low strength soil overlain or underlain by a very stiff, high strength soil.



## Issue

- MTBM will tend to deflect
  - When entering, along the harder material
  - When exiting, out of harder material
- MTBM must be Capable of Both Materials



## Difficult Soils

- Squeezing Ground
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- Low Blow Count Soils
- Mixed Face
- **Mixed Ground**
- Mixed Drive
- Rock
- Curves



## Mixed Ground

The excavated tunnel zone without a defined interface that contains soil and coarse fractions of gravels, cobbles, and boulders, i.e., silt with boulders.

This term is not currently defined by ASTM or USCS.



## Issue

- MTBM will tend to Deflect
- MTBM may “See” Full Face Rock
- MTBM must be Capable of Both Materials



## Difficult Soils

- Squeezing Ground
- Steep Slope
- Low Blow Count Soils
- Mixed Face
- Mixed Ground
- **Mixed Drive**
- Rock
- Curves



## Mixed Drive

A drive that progresses between two geological units with different engineering properties. e.g., rock into soft ground or very soft, low strength soil into a very stiff, high strength soil.

This term is not currently defined by ASTM or USCS.



## Issue

- MTBM may encounter a Mixed Face
- MTBM must be Capable of Both Materials



## Difficult Soils

- Squeezing Ground
- Steep Slope
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- Mixed Face
- Mixed Ground
- Mixed Drive
- **Rock**
- Curves

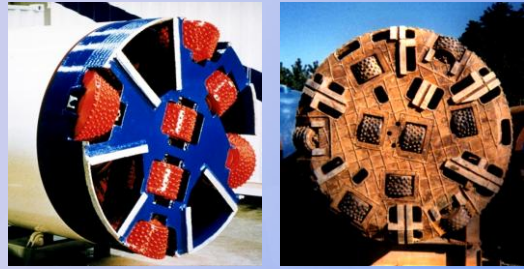


## Rock is a Different Beast

- High thrust load improves cutter performance
- Rock does not tend to heave/subside
- Removing cut material improves cutter performance
- Pipe jacking is not required for ground support
- Machine can jack from side wall
- Access to face is preferred to change cutters
- Energy consumed is a function of spoils surface area created



## Rock Microtunneling



## Old Technology & Poor Face Cleaning



## Single Disk Cutter – New Technology



Volcanic Tuff

## Unproven MTBM Technology



## Abrasion

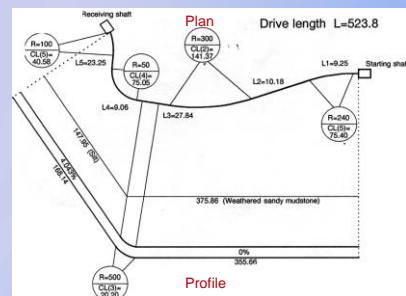


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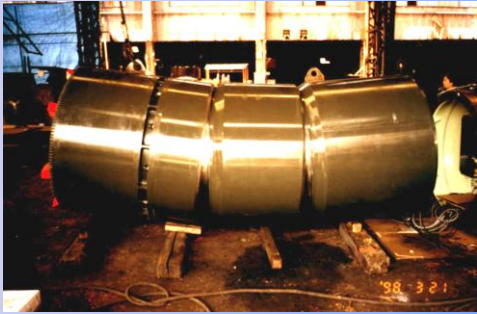
## 1997 Curved Microtunneling Design



## Special Planning and Execution



## Double Articulated MTBM

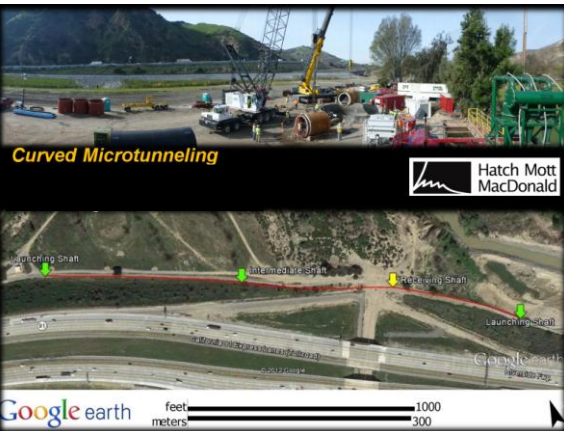


Special Machine for 50-M Radius



## 2012 SARI

- First "S" curve
- First use of hydraulic packer
- Use of curved guidance system
- Contractor Value Engineering proposal



Curved Microtunneling



## Consider

- Outside Diameter
- MTBM and Pipe Length
- IJS Length
- Jacking Loads
- Pipe Joint
- MTBM Overcut
- Curve Placement in Drive
- Lost Productivity (Total Cost)
- Guidance and Surveying



## Questions?

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